



**ORGANIGRAM HOLDINGS INC.
(THE “CORPORATION”)**

CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

This Charter of the Audit Committee (the “**Charter**”) was adopted by the board of directors of the Corporation (the “**Board**”) on August 26, 2019, and last reviewed on August 26, 2020.

1. Purpose

The Audit Committee (the “**Committee**”) is a committee of the Board. The members of the Committee and the chair of the Committee (the “**Chair**”) are appointed by the Board on an annual basis (or until their successors are duly appointed) for the purpose of overseeing the Corporation’s financial controls and reporting and monitoring whether the Corporation complies with financial covenants and legal and regulatory requirements governing financial disclosure matters and financial risk management.

2. Composition

- (a) The Committee should be comprised of a minimum of three directors of the Corporation.
- (b) All members of the Committee must meet the independence and audit committee composition requirements promulgated by all governmental and regulatory bodies having jurisdiction over the Corporation as may be in effect from time to time, including Rule 10A-3 of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”), Rule 5605 of the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules, National Instrument 52-110 – *Audit Committees* (“**NI 52-110**”), and the relevant rules of any other stock exchanges on which the Corporation’s securities are listed. In general, each member of the Committee must be free from any relationship that, in the view of the Board, could be reasonably expected to interfere with the exercise of his or her independent judgment as a member of the Committee.
- (c) All members of the Committee must be financially literate (which is defined as the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Corporation’s financial statements). At least one member of the Committee must satisfy the definition of “financial expert” as set out in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Exchange Act.
- (d) The Board shall designate the Chair of the Committee, who shall have responsibility for overseeing that the Committee fulfills its mandate and duties effectively. If the Board does not designate a Chair, the Committee will elect a Chair from among their members.

- (e) Any member of the Committee may be removed or replaced at any time by the Board and will cease to be a member of the Committee on ceasing to be a director of the Corporation. The Board may fill vacancies on the Committee by election from among the Board. If and whenever a vacancy will exist on the Committee, the remaining members may exercise all powers of the Committee so long as a quorum remains.
- (f) No members of the Committee shall receive, directly or indirectly, other than for service on the Board or the Committee or other committees of the Board, any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the Corporation or any of its related parties or subsidiaries.

3. Limitations on Committee's Duties

In contributing to the Committee's discharge of its duties under this Charter, each member of the Committee will be obliged only to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. Nothing in this Charter is intended or may be construed as imposing on any member of the Committee a standard of care or diligence that is in any way more onerous or extensive than the standard to which any member of the Board may be otherwise subject.

Members of the Committee are entitled to rely, absent actual knowledge to the contrary, on (a) the integrity of the persons and organizations from whom they receive information, (b) the accuracy and completeness of the information provided, (c) representations made by management of the Corporation ("**Management**") as to the non-audit services provided to the Corporation by the external auditor, (d) financial statements of the Corporation represented to them by a member of Management or in a written report of the external auditors to present fairly the financial position of the Corporation in accordance with applicable generally accepted accounting principles, and (e) any report of a lawyer, accountant, engineer, appraiser or other person whose profession lends credibility to a statement made by any such person.

4. Meetings

The Committee shall meet regularly, but not less frequently than quarterly. A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Committee will be a majority of the members of the Committee or such greater number as the Committee will by resolution determine. The Committee will keep minutes of each meeting of the Committee. A copy of the minutes will be provided to each member of the Committee.

Meetings of the Committee will be held from time to time and at such place as any member of the Committee will determine upon two days' prior notice to each of the other Committee members. The members of the Committee may waive the requirement for notice. In addition, each of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the external auditor will be entitled to request that the Chair call a meeting.

The Committee may ask members of Management and employees of the Corporation (including, for greater certainty, its affiliates and subsidiaries) or others (including the external auditor) to attend meetings and provide such information as the Committee requests. Members of the

Committee will have full access to information of the Corporation (including, for greater certainty, its affiliates, subsidiaries and their respective operations) and will be permitted to discuss such information and any other matters relating to the results of operations and financial position of the Corporation with Management, employees, the external auditor and others as they consider appropriate.

The Committee or its Chair should meet at least once per year with Management and the external auditor in separate sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or either of these groups desires to discuss privately. In addition, the Committee or its Chair should meet with Management quarterly in connection with the Corporation's interim financial statements.

The Committee will determine any desired agenda items.

5. Committee Responsibilities

As part of its function in assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities (and without limiting the generality of the Committee's role), the Committee is mandated to carry out the following responsibilities:

External Auditors

- (a) Subject to applicable law, appointing, compensating, overseeing and terminating the external auditors. The external auditors shall report directly to the Committee and shall be accountable to the Board and the Committee as representatives of the shareholders.
- (b) Pre-approving all non-audit mandates and fees for services the external auditor shall undertake, and considering whether the nature of such services will harm the firm's independence in carrying out its audit function.
- (c) Reviewing, negotiating and either signing or recommending to the Board the execution of all engagement letters of the external auditors, both for audit and non-audit services.
- (d) Satisfying itself, on behalf of the Board, that the external auditor is independent of Management. In assessing such independence, the Committee shall discuss with the external auditors, and may require a letter from the external auditor outlining any relationships between the external auditors and the Corporation or its affiliates.
- (e) Reviewing the audit plan of the external auditors, the integration of the external audit with the internal control program, and the results of the audit, which shall include reviewing the external auditor's letter to Management and Management's response thereto and other material written communications between Management and the external auditors.
- (f) Reviewing the performance of the external auditors, including the compensation, scope, and timeliness of the audits and all other related services and any non-audit services provided by the external auditors.

- (g) Satisfying itself, annually or more frequently as the Committee considers appropriate, as to the external auditors' internal quality control procedures and any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review, or peer review, of the external auditor, or by any public enquiry, review, or investigation by governmental, professional or other regulatory authorities.
- (h) Periodically reviewing and discussing with Management and the external auditors the quality and acceptability of the Corporation's accounting policies and practices, the materiality levels which the external auditors propose to employ, any significant changes in the accounting policies and any proposed changes in accounting or financial reporting that may have a significant impact on the Corporation.
- (i) Discussing with Management and the external auditors of the Corporation all alternative treatments of financial information within International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") accounting principles that have been discussed with Management by the external auditors, the ramifications of these alternative treatments and the treatment preferred by the external auditors.
- (j) Reviewing, where there is to be a change of external auditors, all issues related to the change, including the information to be included in the notice of change of auditor called for under National Instrument 51-102 – *Continuous Disclosure Obligations* or any successor legislation ("NI 51-102"), and the planned steps for an orderly transition. The Committee shall further review all reportable events, including disagreements, unresolved issues and consultations, as defined in NI 51-102 or any successor legislation, on a routine basis, whether or not there is to be a change of external auditor.
- (k) Establishing and overseeing policies with regards to the hiring by the Corporation of any partners, employees, and any former partners or employees of any present or former firms that acted as external auditors of the Corporation.

Financial Information

- (l) Ensuring, through discussions with Management and the external auditors, that the audited annual financial statements and the unaudited quarterly financial statements, as applicable, present fairly (in accordance with IFRS) in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Corporation as of and for the periods presented and, where appropriate, recommending for approval to the Board such financial statements of the Corporation.
- (m) Reviewing any errors or omissions in the current or prior year's financial statements.
- (n) Reviewing with the external auditors the level of co-operation they received from Management, employees and personnel of the Corporation during the audit process, any issues encountered by the auditors and any impediments on the external auditor's work.

- (o) Reviewing and resolving any disagreements between Management and the external auditors with respect to accounting practices and principles.
- (p) Monitoring the objectivity and credibility of the Corporation's financial reports.
- (q) Reviewing the status of material contingent liabilities as reported to the Committee by the Corporation's Management, and the manner in which any material contingent liability has been disclosed in the Corporation's financial statements.
- (r) Reviewing any legal matters or claims that could have a material impact on the financial statements of the Corporation, and the manner in which any such legal matters or claims have been disclosed in the Corporation's financial statements.
- (s) Reviewing any reserves, accruals, provisions, estimates or adopted programs and policies, including factors that affect asset and liability carrying values and the timing of revenue and expense recognition that may have a material effect upon the financial statements of the Corporation.
- (t) Reviewing the use of special purpose entities and the business purpose and economic effect of off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations, guarantees and other relationships of the Corporation and their impact on the reported financial results of the Corporation.
- (u) Reviewing the treatment for financial reporting purposes of any significant transactions which are not a normal part of the Corporation's operations.
- (v) Reviewing Management's determination of tangible or intangible asset impairment, if any, as required by applicable accounting standards.
- (w) Reviewing the annual report to shareholders and other financial information (including the annual and quarterly management's discussion and analysis, the annual information form and any prospectus, offering circular or other disclosure document issued by the Corporation or on behalf of the Corporation) prepared by the Corporation with Management and, where appropriate, recommending such documents for approval to the Board and for filing with regulatory bodies.
- (x) Reviewing any news releases and reports to be issued by the Corporation containing earnings guidance or financial information for research, analysts and rating agencies. The Committee shall also review the Corporation's policies relating to financial disclosure and the release of earnings guidance and the Corporation's compliance with financial disclosure rules and regulations.
- (y) Remaining apprised, through discussions with Management and the external auditors, of important trends and developments in financial reporting practices and requirements and their effect on the Corporation's financial statements, including consolidated financial statements.

- (z) Reviewing the financial statements and other financial information of material subsidiaries of the Corporation and any auditor recommendations concerning such subsidiaries.
- (aa) Reviewing the financial reporting obligations of the Corporation pursuant to its by-laws, its borrowing covenants, the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and applicable securities regulation and monitor the Corporation's compliance thereunder.

Internal Control

- (bb) Annually and in advance of each respective fiscal period, completing a financial review of the Corporation's strategic plan and annual budget, and reporting to the Board the results of its review.
- (cc) Overseeing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control systems, through discussions with the Corporation's external auditors and Management, and reporting its findings to the Board on an annual basis.
- (dd) Reviewing and comparing Management's quarterly report of operating against its budget variances and reporting the results of such review and comparison to the Board.
- (ee) Establishing procedures for:
 - (i) The receipt, retention, and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters; and
 - (ii) The confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- (ff) Annually reviewing the Corporation's Whistleblower Policy and its effectiveness and enforcement.

Compliance with Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (gg) Reviewing with Management, and/or any internal or external counsel as the Committee considers appropriate, any legal matters (including the status of pending litigation) that may have a material impact on the Corporation and any material reports.
- (hh) Reviewing with Management and the Board any issues with regulatory agencies that are likely to have a significant financial impact on the Corporation.
- (ii) Reviewing with counsel the adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's procedures to ensure compliance with the legal and regulatory responsibilities.

- (jj) Reviewing the status of income tax returns and any significant tax issues as they are reported to the Committee by Management or the Board.
- (kk) Reviewing any inquiries, investigations, or audits of a financial nature by any government, regulatory, or taxation authorities.
- (ll) Reviewing any legal matters or claims that could have a material impact on the Corporation's compliance policies or any material reports, inquiries, or other correspondence received from regulators or governmental agencies.

Other

- (mm) Assisting the Board in the discharge of its duties relating to the Corporation's accounting policies and practices, reporting practices and internal controls, including under its by-laws, securities regulations and otherwise.
- (nn) Reviewing the appointments of the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer, internal auditor (or persons appointed to perform the internal audit function), and any key financial executives involved in the financial reporting process of the Corporation and any material subsidiary.
- (oo) Establishing and overseeing the effectiveness of procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing under the Corporation's Whistleblower Policy.
- (pp) Ensuring that this Charter or an appropriate summary of it which has been granted approval by the Committee is properly disclosed in accordance with any securities laws or regulatory requirements.
- (qq) Reviewing the integrity of the Corporation's financial reporting processes, both internal and external, in consultation with the external auditor.
- (rr) Periodically assessing the Corporation's need for an internal audit function, if not present.
- (ss) Reviewing all material balance sheet issues, material contingent obligations and material related party transactions.
- (tt) Taking such other actions within the general scope of its responsibilities as the Committee shall deem appropriate or as directed by the Board.

6. Resources

- (a) The Committee shall have the authority, in its sole discretion, to retain independent legal, accounting and other consultants to advise the Committee at the expense of the Corporation. The Committee shall be provided with the necessary funding to compensate the external auditors and any other advisors they engage.

- (b) The Committee shall have access to such officers and employees of the Corporation and to the Corporation's external auditors and legal counsel, and any information with regards to the Corporation as it considers necessary in order to discharge its duties under this Charter.
- (c) The Committee, through the Chair, may contact any director, member of Management or other officer or employee of the Corporation as it deems necessary, and any director, member of Management or other officer or employee of the Corporation may bring any matter before the Committee involving illegal, questionable, improper, or unethical practices or transactions.
- (d) The external auditors shall be entitled to communicate directly with the Chair of the Committee and may meet separately with the Committee and any member of the Committee.
- (e) The Committee may request any director, member of Management or other officer or employee of the Corporation or the Corporation's external counsel or external auditors to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any member of, or consultants to, the Committee. The Committee shall have full access to all of the Corporation's books, records, properties, facilities and personnel, subject to compliance with any leases or similar contacts governing same.
- (f) The Committee may delegate its authority and duties to subcommittees or individual members of the Committee as it deems appropriate from time to time.

7. Annual Evaluation

At least annually, the Committee shall, in a manner it determines to be appropriate:

- (a) Perform a review and evaluation of the performance of the Committee and its members, including the compliance of the Committee with this Charter.
- (b) Review and assess the adequacy of this Charter and recommend to the Board any improvements to this Charter that the Committee believes to be appropriate.

8. Inconsistencies with Applicable Laws

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between this Charter and the applicable laws, in each case as amended, restated or amended and restated from time to time, the provisions hereof shall be ineffective and shall be superseded by the provisions of such applicable laws to the extent necessary to resolve such conflict or inconsistency.